

CS4212

# Compiling Functional Languages



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## Goal for Today

~~Compile a functional language to assembly~~

**Interpret a functional language** using **simple expressions**

- Interpreter itself starts out as a functional program
- We convert the interpreter to use only simple instructions:  
arithmetic, assignments, and jumps
- By-hand conversion of interpreter shows what a compiler does  
... and what run-time data structures are needed:  
*environments, closures, and continuations*

# Interpreters

A **compiler** translates a program

An **interpreter** returns a program's value

**Plait** = the **meta** language

```
(lambda (x) (+ x 1))
```

**Curly** = the **object** language

```
{lambda {x} {+ x 1}}
```

## Racket and Plait

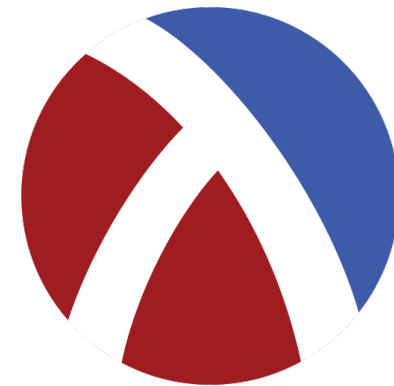
Historically: **Lisp** ⇒ **Scheme** ⇒ **Racket** ⇒ **Plait**

## Racket and Plait

Historically: **Lisp**  $\Rightarrow$  **Scheme**  $\Rightarrow$  **Racket**  $\Rightarrow$  **Plait**  $\Leftarrow$  **ML**

### **Racket** is

- a programming language
- a family of programming languages
- a language for creating programming languages



... including **Plait**

PLAI = *Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation*, a textbook

## Plait's Parenthesized Prefix Notation

<code>f(x)</code>	<code>(f x)</code>
<code>1+2</code>	<code>(+ 1 2)</code>
<code>1+2*3</code>	<code>(+ 1 (* 2 3))</code>
<code>s=6</code>	<code>(define s 6)</code>
<code>f(x)=x+1</code>	<code>(define (f x)</code> <code>  (+ x 1))</code>
$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} x < 0 & -1 \\ x = 0 & 0 \\ x > 0 & 1 \end{array} \right.$	<code>(cond</code> <code>  [(&lt; x 0) -1]</code> <code>  [(= x 0) 0]</code> <code>  [(&gt; x 0) 1])</code>

## Plait Data

- Numbers and strings

obvious

```
1 3.4 "Hello, World!"
```

- Booleans

straightforward

```
#t #f
```

- Symbols and quoted lists

unusual

```
'apple 'define '+
```

```
'(1 2 3) '(f x)
```

## Plait S-Expressions

- Backquote ` instead of regular quote '

convenient

```
`x
```

```
`{+ x 1}
```

```
`{define {f x}  
  {+ x 1}}
```



## Plait Datatypes

```
(define-type Shape
  (circle [radius : Number])
  (rectangle [width : Number]
             [height : Number]))

(define (area s)
  (type-case Shape s
    [(circle r) (* 3.14 (* r r))]
    [(rectangle w h) (* w h)]))

(test (area (circle 2))
      12.56)

(test (area (rectangle 3 4))
      12)
```

## Meta and Object Languages

Example **Plait** program:

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (plusE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp]))
```

Example **Curly** program:

```
{+ {* 3 4} 8}
```

Example **Curly** program as a **Plait** value:

```
`{+ {* 3 4} 8}
```

## Meta and Object Languages

Example **Plait** program:

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (plusE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp]))
```

Example **Curly** program:

```
{+ {* 3 4} 8}
```

Example **Curly** program as a **Plait** value:

```
`{+ {* 3 4} 8}
(plusE (multE (numE 3) (numE 4))
       (numE 8))
```

## Part I: Interpreter and Environments

# Curly Arithmetic

{+ 2 1}

→ 3

# Curly Arithmetic

{\* 2 1}

→ 2

## Curly Arithmetic

{+ 2 { \* 4 3 } }

→ 14

# Curly Arithmetic

2

→ 2



## Representing Expressions

2

{+ 2 1}

{+ 2 {\* 4 3}}

- numbers
- addition expressions
  - first and second arguments are expressions
- multiplication expressions
  - first and second arguments are expressions

## Representing Expressions

2

{+ 2 1}

{+ 2 {\* 4 3}}

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (plusE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp]))
```

## Curly Interpreter

```
(define (interp [a : Exp]) : Number
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l) (interp r))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l) (interp r))]))

(test (interp (numE 2))
      2)
(test (interp (plusE (numE 2) (numE 1)))
      3)
(test (interp (multE (numE 2) (numE 1)))
      2)
(test (interp (plusE (multE (numE 2) (numE 3))
                    (plusE (numE 5) (numE 8))))
      19)
```

## Curly with Arithmetic

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (plusE [l : Exp] [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp] [r : Exp]))
```

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
```

## Curly with Arithmetic

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (plusE [l : Exp] [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp] [r : Exp]))
```

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
```



**Backus Naur Form**  
( **BNF** )

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>} NEW
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {+ x x}} ⇒ 6
```

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}  
```

```
{+ {let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
    {+ x x}}
  1} ⇒ 7
```

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>} NEW
```

```
{+ {let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
    {+ x x}}
 {let {[x {- 4 3}]}
    {+ x x}}} ⇒ 8
```





## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>} NEW
```

```
{+ {let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
    {+ x x}}
 {let {[y {- 4 3}]}
    {+ y y}}}
```



⇒ 8

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}  
```



```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {let {[x {- 4 3}]}
    {+ x x}}} ⇒ 2
```

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}  
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {let {[y {- 4 3}]}
    {+ x x}}} ⇒ 6
```

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}  
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {let {[x {- 4 x}]}
    {+ x x}}} ⇒ 2
```

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}

```



NEW

NEW

## Curly with Local Definitions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>
        | <Symbol>
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]}
           <Exp>}

```

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (idE [s : Symbol])
  (plusE [l : Exp] [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp] [r : Exp])
  (letE [n : Symbol] [rhs : Exp]
        [body : Exp]))

```

## Substitution

```
(interp {let {[x 1]}  
        {let {[y 2]}  
            {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}}}} )
```

⇒

```
(interp {let {[y 2]}  
        {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y 1}}}} } )
```

⇒

```
(interp {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ 2 1}}}} )
```

With  $n$  variables, evaluation will take  $O(n^2)$  time!

## Environments as Deferred Substitution

```
(interp {let {[x 1]}  
        {let {[y 2]}  
            {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}}}} )
```

⇒

```
(interp {let {[y 2]}  
        {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}} } )
```

⇒

```
(interp {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}} )
```

⇒ ... ⇒

```
(interp y )
```



## Deferring Substitution with the Same Identifier

```
(interp {let {[x 1]}  
        {let {[x 2]}  
          x}})
```

⇒

```
(interp {let {[x 2]}  
        x})
```

⇒

```
(interp x)
```

Always add to start, then always check from start

## Representing Environments

Change

```
interp : (Exp -> Number)
```

to

```
interp : (Exp Env -> Number)
```

```
mt-env : Env
```

```
extend-env : (Binding Env -> Env)
```

```
bind : (Symbol Number -> Binding)
```

```
lookup : (Symbol Env -> Number)
```



mt-env

## Representing Environments

Change

```
interp : (Exp -> Number)
```

to

```
interp : (Exp Env -> Number)
```

```
mt-env : Env
```

```
extend-env : (Binding Env -> Env)
```

```
bind : (Symbol Number -> Binding)
```

```
lookup : (Symbol Env -> Number)
```

```
x = 1 (extend-env (bind 'x 1)  
                mt-env)
```

## Representing Environments

Change

```
interp : (Exp -> Number)
```

to

```
interp : (Exp Env -> Number)
```

```
mt-env : Env
```

```
extend-env : (Binding Env -> Env)
```

```
bind : (Symbol Number -> Binding)
```

```
lookup : (Symbol Env -> Number)
```

```
y = 2 x = 1 (extend-env (bind 'y 2)
                        (extend-env (bind 'x 1)
                                    mt-env))
```

## Environments

```
(define-type Binding  
  (bind [name : Symbol]  
        [val : Number]))
```

```
(define-type-alias Env (Listof Binding))
```

```
(define mt-env empty)
```

```
(define extend-env cons)
```

## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  ....)
```

```
(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
          "free variable")
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
      1)
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
                             (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
      2)
```

## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  (type-case (Listof Binding) env
    [empty ....]
    [(cons b rst-env) ....]))
```

```
(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
          "free variable")
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
      1)
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
                              (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
      2)
```

## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  (type-case (Listof Binding) env
    [empty (error 'lookup "free variable")]
    [(cons b rst-env) ....]))
```

```
(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
          "free variable")
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
      1)
```

```
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
                              (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
      2)
```



## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  (type-case (Listof Binding) env
    [empty (error 'lookup "free variable")]
    [(cons b rst-env) ....
                                     b
                                     (lookup n rst-env) ]))

(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
          "free variable")
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
      1)
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
                              (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
      2)
```

## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  (type-case (Listof Binding) env
    [empty (error 'lookup "free variable")]
    [(cons b rst-env) ....
      (symbol=? n (bind-name b))
      (lookup n rst-env) ]))

(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
  "free variable")
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
  1)
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
  (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
  2)
```

## Environment Lookup

```
(define (lookup [n : Symbol] [env : Env]) : Number
  (type-case (Listof Binding) env
    [empty (error 'lookup "free variable")]
    [(cons b rst-env) (cond
                        [(symbol=? n (bind-name b))
                         (bind-val b)]
                        [else (lookup n rst-env)])]))

(test/exn (lookup 'x mt-env)
          "free variable")
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'x 1) empty-env))
      1)
(test (lookup 'x (extend-env (bind 'y 1)
                              (extend-env (bind 'x 2) empty-env)))
      2)
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(interp {let {[x 1]}  
        {let {[y 2]}  
            {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}}}}  
mt-env)
```

```
⇒ (interp {let {[y 2]}  
          {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}}}  
      (extend-env (bind 'x 1) mt-env))
```

```
⇒ (interp {+ 100 {+ 99 {+ 98 ... {+ y x}}}}  
      (extend-env (bind 'y 2)  
                  (extend-env (bind 'x 1)  
                              mt-env)))
```

⇒ ...

```
⇒ (interp y (extend-env (bind 'y 2)  
                        (extend-env (bind 'x 1)  
                                    mt-env)))
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) ...]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...]))
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...]))
```

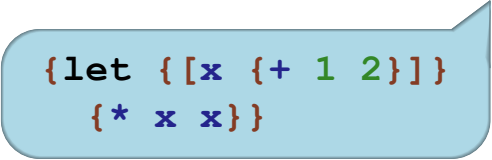
## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...]))
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {* x x}}
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...
     ...
     ... (interp rhs env defs)
     ...
     ... ]))
```





## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...
     ...
     (bind n (interp rhs env defs))
     ...
     ]))
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {* x x}}
```

# Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) ...
     (extend-env
      (bind n (interp rhs env defs))
      env)
     ...
     ]))
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {* x x}}
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) (interp body
                                (extend-env
                                 (bind n (interp rhs env) defs))
                                 env)
                        defs]))
```

```
{let {[x {+ 1 2}]}
  {* x x}}
```

## Interp with Environments

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) n]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body) (interp body
                                (extend-env
                                 (bind n (interp rhs env) defs))
                                 env)
                       defs]))
```

# Values

A **value** is the result of an **expression**

- Expression: `{+ 1 2}`
- Value: `3`

A value can be be  
the argument to a function,  
the right-hand side of a `let`,

...

**Next step: add functions as values**

We'll use the keyword `lambda` for historical reasons

## Why Functions as Values

Abstraction is easier with functions as values

- `filter`, `map`, `foldl`, etc.

Separate function `define` form becomes unnecessary

```
{define {f x} {+ 1 x}}  
{f 10}
```

⇒

```
{let {[f {lambda {x} {+ 1 x}}]}  
  {f 10}}
```

## Curly with Functions

```
<Exp> ::= <Number>  
        | <Symbol>  
        | {+ <Exp> <Exp>}  
        | {* <Exp> <Exp>}  
        | {let {[<Symbol> <Exp>]} <Exp>}  
        | {lambda {<Symbol>} <Exp>}  
        | {<Exp> <Exp>}
```

NEW

NEW

## Evaluation

`{let {[f {lambda {x} {+ 1 x}}]} {f 3}}`

$\Rightarrow$  `{{lambda {x} {+ 1 x}} 3}`

$\Rightarrow$  `{+ 1 3}`  $\Rightarrow$  `4`

`{{lambda {x} {+ 1 x}} 3}`  $\Rightarrow$  `{+ 1 3}`

$\Rightarrow$  `4`

`{1 2}`  $\Rightarrow$  *not a function*

`{+ 1 {lambda {x} 10}}`  $\Rightarrow$  *not a number*



## Expression Datatype

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (idE [s : Symbol])
  (plusE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (letE [n : Symbol]
        [rhs : Exp]
        [body : Exp])
  (lamE [n : Symbol]
        [body : Exp])
  (appE [fun : Exp]
        [arg : Exp]))
```

```
(test (parse `{lambda {x} {+ x 1}})
      (lamE 'x (plusE (idE 'x) (numE 1))))
```

## Expression Datatype

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (idE [s : Symbol])
  (plusE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (letE [n : Symbol]
        [rhs : Exp]
        [body : Exp])
  (lamE [n : Symbol]
        [body : Exp])
  (appE [fun : Exp]
        [arg : Exp]))
```

```
(test (parse `{{lambda {x} {+ x 1}} 10})
      (appE (lamE 'x (plusE (idE 'x) (numE 1)))
            (numE 10)))
```

## Functions with Substitutions

```
(interp {let {[y 10]}  
        {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

## Functions with Substitutions

```
(interp {let {[y 10]}  
        {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

## Functions with Substitutions

```
(interp {let {[y 10]}  
        {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

⇒

```
{lambda {x} {+ 10 x}}
```

## Functions with Substitutions

```
(interp {let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

⇒

```
{lambda {x} {+ 10 x}}
```

## Functions with Deferred Substitution

```
(interp {let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

⇒

```
(interp {lambda {x} {+ y x}})
```

y = 10

## Functions with Deferred Substitution

```
(interp {{let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}}  
        {let {[y 7]} y}} )
```

Argument expression:

```
(interp {let {[y 7]} y} )
```

⇒

```
(interp y = 7  
y) ⇒ 7
```

Function expression:

```
(interp {let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

⇒

```
(interp y = 10  
{lambda {x} {+ y x}}) ⇒ ?
```



## Functions with Deferred Substitution

```
(interp {{let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}}  
        {let {[y 7]} y}})
```

Argument expression:

```
(interp {let {[y 7]} y})
```

⇒

```
(interp y = 7 y) ⇒ 7
```

Function expression:

```
(interp {let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}})
```

⇒

```
(interp y = 10 {lambda {x} {+ y x}}) ⇒ ?
```

A **closure** combines an expression with an environment

## Representing Values

```
(define-type Value
  (numV [n : Number])
  (closV [arg : Symbol]
         [body : Exp]
         [env : Env]))
```

```
(define-type Binding
  (bind [name : Symbol]
        [val : Value]))
```

```
(test (interp {let {[y 10]} {lambda {x} {+ y x}}}
          mt-env)
      (closV 'x {+ y x}
            (extend-env (bind 'y (numV 10))
                        mt-env))))
```

## Continuing Evaluation

Argument: `(interp y)`  
⇒ `(numV 7)`

Function: `(interp {lambda {x} {+ y x}})`  
⇒ `(closV 'x {+ y x}`  
`(extend-env (bind 'y (numV 10))`  
`mt-env))`

To apply, interpret the function body with the given argument:

`(interp {+ y x})`

# Interpreter

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) (numV n)]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (num+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) ...]
    [(letE n rhs body)
     ...]
    [(lamE n body) ...]
    [(appE fun arg)
     ...]))
```

## Add and Multiply

```
(define (num+ [l : Value] [r : Value]) : Value
  (cond
    [(and (numV? l) (numV? r))
     (numV (+ (numV-n l) (numV-n r)))]
    [else
     (error 'interp "not a number")]))
```

```
(define (num* [l : Value] [r : Value]) : Value
  (cond
    [(and (numV? l) (numV? r))
     (numV (* (numV-n l) (numV-n r)))]
    [else
     (error 'interp "not a number")]))
```

## Add and Multiply

```
(define (num-op op l r)
  (cond
    [(and (numV? l) (numV? r))
     (numV (op (numV-n l) (numV-n r)))]
    [else
     (error 'interp "not a number")]))

(define (num+ [l : Value] [r : Value]) : Value
  (num-op + l r))

(define (num* [l : Value] [r : Value]) : Value
  (num-op * l r))
```

# Interpreter

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) (numV n)]
    [(idE s) (lookup s env)]
    [(plusE l r) (num+ (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(multE l r) (num* (interp l env) (interp r env))]
    [(letE n rhs body)
     (interp body (extend-env
                    (bind n (interp rhs env))
                    env))]
    [(lamE n body) (closV n body env)]
    [(appE fun arg)
     (type-case Value (interp fun env)
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body
                  (extend-env
                    (bind n (interp arg env))
                    c-env))]
       [else (error 'interp "not a function")])])])])])])])
```

## Part 2: Continuations and Compilation



## Evaluation and “To do” Lists

```
(interp (plusE (numE 1) (numE 2)) mt-env)
```

```
⇒ (num+ (interp (numE 1) mt-env)  
      (interp (numE 2) mt-env))
```

```
⇒ (interp (numE 1) mt-env)
```

To do:

```
(num+ ●  
      (interp (numE 2) mt-env))
```

```
⇒ (numV 1)
```

To do:

```
(num+ ●  
      (interp (numE 2) mt-env))
```

```
⇒ (interp (numE 2) mt-env)
```

To do:

```
(num+ (numV 1)  
      ●)
```

```
⇒ (numV 2)
```

To do:

```
(num+ (numV 1)  
      ●)
```

```
⇒ (num+ (numV 1) (numV 2))
```

# Continuations

A “to do” list is a **continuation**

To do:

```
(num+ ●  
      (interp (numE 2) mt-env))
```

# Continuations

A “to do” list is a **continuation**

```
To do:  
(+ 3  
  (* ●  
   (f (rest ls))))
```

A **stack** is one way to implement continuations

```
To do:  
(* ● (f (rest ls)))  
(+ 3 ●)
```

The terms **stack** and **continuation** are sometimes used interchangeably

# Representing Continuations

To do:  
{+ 3 ●}

```
(define-type Cont  
  ....)
```

# Representing Continuations

To do:  
{+ 3 ●}

```
(define-type Cont  
  (doPlusK [v : Value])  
  ....)
```

```
(doPlusK (numV 3))
```

## Representing Continuations

To do:

```
{+ ● {f 0}}
```

```
(define-type Cont  
  (doPlusK [v : Value])  
  ....)
```

## Representing Continuations

To do:

{+ ● {f 0}}

```
(define-type Cont
  (plusSecondK [r : Exp]
               [e : Env])
  (doPlusK [v : Value])
  ....)
```

```
(plusSecondK (appE (idE 'f) (numE 0))
             mt-env)
```

## Representing Continuations

To do:

```
{+ ● {f 0}}
```

```
{+ 3 ●}
```

```
(define-type Cont  
  (plusSecondK [r : Exp]  
                [e : Env])  
  (doPlusK [v : Value])  
  ....)
```



## Representing Continuations

To do:

```
{+ ● {f 0}}
```

```
{+ 3 ●}
```

```
(define-type Cont
  (plusSecondK [r : Exp]
               [e : Env]
               [k : Cont])
  (doPlusK [v : Value]
           [k : Cont])
  ....)
```

## Representing Continuations

To do:

```
{+ ● {f 0}}  
{+ 3 ●}
```

```
(define-type Cont  
  (doneK)  
  (plusSecondK [r : Exp]  
                [e : Env]  
                [k : Cont])  
  (doPlusK [v : Value]  
            [k : Cont])  
  ....)  
  
(plusSecondK (appE (idE 'f) (numE 0))  
             mt-env  
             (doPlusK (numV 3)  
                       (doneK))))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env -> Value)
  (lambda (a env)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (num+ (interp l env)
                          (interp r env))]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env -> Value)
  (lambda (a env)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                    (num+ ●
                        (interp r env))])
    ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env -> Value)
  (lambda (a env)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                    (num+ ●
                      (interp r env))]
      ...)))
```

To do:

```
{+ ● <Exp>}
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env -> Value)
  (lambda (a env)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                    (num+ ●
                       (interp r env))]
      ...)))
```

To do:

```
(num+ ●
      (interp r env))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env -> Value)
  (lambda (a env)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                  (plusSecondK r env)]
      ...)))
```

To do: (num+ ● (interp r env))
--------------------------------------

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                    (plusSecondK r env k)]
      ...)))
```

To do:

```
(num+ ●
      (interp r env))
.....
```



## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env)
                    (plusSecondK r env k)]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(plusE l r) (interp l env
                            (plusSecondK r env k))]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (numV n)]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(doneK) v]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
       (interp r env
                ...)]
      ...)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
       (interp r env
               ...)]
      ...)))
```

To do: (num+ ● (interp r env)) .....
---



## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
       (interp r env
                ...)]
      ...)))
```

To do: (num+ v ● .....
---------------------------------

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
       (interp r env
                (doPlusK v next-k))]
      ...)))
```

To do: (num+ v ● ....
--------------------------------

## interp with Continuations

```
(define interp : (Exp Env Cont -> Value)
  (lambda (a env k)
    (type-case Exp a
      ...
      [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
      ...)))
```

```
(define continue : (Cont Value -> Value)
  (lambda (k v)
    (type-case Cont k
      ...
      [(doPlusK v-1 next-k)
       (continue next-k (num+ v-1 v))]
      ...)))
```

To do: (num+ v-1 ●) .....
------------------------------------

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(numE n) (continue k (numV n))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(doneK) v]
    ...))
```

```
(interp (numE 5) mt-env (doneK))
```

```
⇒ (continue (doneK) (numV 5))
```

```
⇒ (numV 5)
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(plusE l r) (interp l env (plusSecondK r env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
     (interp r env (doPlusK v next-k))]
    [(doPlusK v-1 next-k)
     (continue next-k (num+ v-1 v))]
    ...))
```

```
(interp (plusE (numE 5) (numE 2)) mt-env (doneK))
```

```
⇒ (interp (numE 5)
          (plusSecondK (numE 2) mt-env (doneK)))
```

```
⇒ (continue (plusSecondK (numE 2) mt-env (doneK))
           (numV 5))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(plusE l r) (interp l env (plusSecondK r env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
     (interp r env (doPlusK v next-k))]
    [(doPlusK v-1 next-k)
     (continue next-k (num+ v-1 v))]
    ...))
```

```
⇒ (continue (plusSecondK (numE 2) mt-env (doneK))
            (numV 5))
```

```
⇒ (interp (numE 2) mt-env
          (doPlusK (numV 5) (doneK)))
```

```
⇒ (continue (doPlusK (numV 5) (doneK))
            (numV 2))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(plusE l r) (interp l env (plusSecondK r env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(plusSecondK r env next-k)
     (interp r env (doPlusK v next-k))]
    [(doPlusK v-1 next-k)
     (continue next-k (num+ v-1 v))]
    ...))
```

```
⇒ (continue (doPlusK (numV 5) (doneK))
            (numV 2))
```

```
⇒ (continue (doneK)
            (numV 7))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(lamE n body)
     (continue k (closV n body env))]
    ...))

(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    ...))
```



## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))

(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                      (bind n v)
                      c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]))]
    ...))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))

(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                      (bind n v)
                      c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])]
    ...))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                      (bind n v)
                      c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]))]
    ...))
```

```
E1 = (extend-env
        (bind 'f (closV 'x
                        (idE 'x)
                        mt-env))
        mt-env)
```

```
(interp (appE (idE 'f) (numE 1))
        E1
        (doneK))
```

```
⇒ (interp (idE 'f)
          E1
          (appArgK (numE 1) E1 (doneK)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                      (bind n v)
                      c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])]
    ...))
```

```
E1 = (extend-env
        (bind 'f (closV 'x
                       (idE 'x)
                       mt-env))
        mt-env)
```

```
⇒ (interp (idE 'f)
          E1
          (appArgK (numE 1) E1 (doneK)))
```

```
⇒ (continue (appArgK (numE 1) E1 (doneK))
            (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                     (bind n v)
                     c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])
    ...))
```

```
E1 = (extend-env
        (bind 'f (closV 'x
                        (idE 'x)
                        mt-env))
        mt-env)
```

```
⇒ (continue (appArgK (numE 1) E1 (doneK))
           (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env))
```

```
⇒ (interp (numE 1)
          E1
          (doAppK (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env) (doneK)))
```

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                      (bind n v)
                      c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])]
    ...))
```

$$E_1 = (\text{extend-env} \\ \quad (\text{bind 'f (closV 'x} \\ \quad \quad (\text{idE 'x}) \\ \quad \quad \text{mt-env})) \\ \text{mt-env})$$

⇒ (interp (numE 1)

$E_1$   
 (doAppK (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env) (doneK)))

⇒ (continue (doAppK (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env) (doneK))  
 (numV 1))

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                     (bind n v)
                     c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])
    ...))
```

$$E_1 = (\text{extend-env} \\ \quad (\text{bind 'f (closV 'x} \\ \quad \quad (\text{idE 'x}) \\ \quad \quad \text{mt-env})) \\ \text{mt-env})$$

⇒ (continue (doAppK (closV 'x (idE 'x) mt-env) (doneK))  
           (numV 1))

⇒ (interp (idE 'x)  
       (extend-env (bind 'x (numV 1)) mt-env)  
       (doneK))

## interp with Continuations

```
(define (interp [a : Exp] [env : Env] [k : Cont]) : Value
  (type-case Exp a ...
    [(appE fun arg) (interp fun env (appArgK arg env k))]
    ...))
```

```
(define (continue [k : Cont] [v : Value]) : Value
  (type-case Cont k ...
    [(appArgK a env next-k)
     (interp a env (doAppK v next-k))]
    [(doAppK v-f next-k)
     (type-case Value v-f
       [(closV n body c-env)
        (interp body (extend-env
                     (bind n v)
                     c-env)
                  next-k)]
       [else (error ...)]])]
    ...))
```

$$E_1 = (\text{extend-env} \\ \quad (\text{bind 'f (closV 'x} \\ \quad \quad (\text{idE 'x} \\ \quad \quad \text{mt-env})) \\ \text{mt-env})$$

```
⇒ (interp (idE 'x)
          (extend-env (bind 'x (numV 1)) mt-env)
          (doneK))
```

```
⇒ (continue (doneK)
           (numV 1))
```



## `interp` and `continue`

In `lambda-k.rkt`:

- `interp` calls `continue` only as a tail call
- `continue` calls `interp` only as a tail call
- `lookup` calls `lookup` only as a tail call
- nothing else is recursive

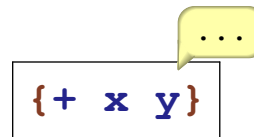
∴ the Plait continuation is always bounded and small

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[x 88]}  
  {+ x y}}
```

appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:



The diagram shows a rectangular box containing the code `{+ x y}`. Above the box is a yellow speech bubble containing three dots `...`, indicating that the body is being evaluated.

where will `x` be in the environment?

**Answer:** always at the beginning:



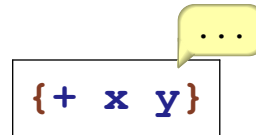
The diagram shows a yellow speech bubble containing the text `x = 88 ...`, representing the environment state where `x` is bound to the value 88.

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[y 1]}  
  {+ x y}}
```

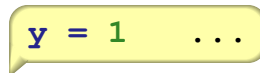
appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:



The diagram shows a rectangular box containing the code `{+ x y}`. A yellow speech bubble with three dots is positioned above the box, pointing towards the right side of the code.

where will **y** be in the environment?

**Answer:** always at the beginning:



The diagram shows a yellow speech bubble containing the code `y = 1 ...`.

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[y 1]}  
  {let {[x 2]}  
    {+ x y}}}
```

appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:

The diagram shows a rectangular box containing the code `{+ x y}`. Above the box is a yellow speech bubble containing three dots `...`, indicating that the body of the `let` expression is being evaluated.

where will `y` be in the environment?

**Answer:** always second:

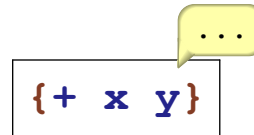
The diagram shows a yellow speech bubble containing the text `x = 2 y = 1 ...`, representing the environment state where `x` is bound to 2, `y` is bound to 1, and there are other bindings represented by the ellipsis.

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[y 1]}  
  {let {[x 88]}  
    {* {+ x y} 17}}}
```

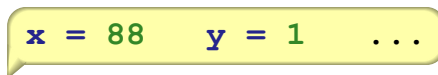
appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:



{+ x y}

where will **x** and **y** be in the environment?

**Answer:** always first and second:



x = 88 y = 1 ...

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[y 1]}
  {let {[w 10]}
    {let {[z 9]}
      {let {[x 0]}
        {+ x y}}}}}
```

appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:

...

{+ x y}

where will **x** and **y** be in the environment?

**Answer:** always first and fourth:

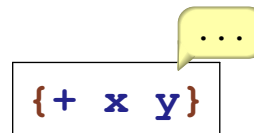
x = 0    z = 9    w = 10    y = 1    ...

## Identifier Address

Suppose that

```
{let {[y {let {[r 9]} {* r 8}}]}  
  {let {[w 10]}  
    {let {[z {let {[q 9]} q}]}  
      {let {[x 0]}  
        {+ x y}}}}}}
```

appears in a program; the body is eventually evaluated:



{+ x y}

where will **x** and **y** be in the environment?

**Answer:** always first and fourth:

```
x = 0   z = 9   w = 10   y = 1   ...
```

## Lexical Scope

- For any expression, we can tell which identifiers will be in the environment at run time
- The order of the environment is predictable



## Compilation of Variables

A compiler can transform an **Exp** expression to an expression without identifiers — only lexical addresses

**; compile : Exp ... -> ExpD**

```
(define-type Exp
  (numE [n : Number])
  (addE [l : Exp]
        [r : Exp])
  (multE [l : Exp]
         [r : Exp])
  (idE [n : Symbol])
  (lamE [n : Symbol]
        [body : Exp])
  (appE [fun : Exp]
        [arg : Exp]))

(define-type ExpD
  (numD [n Number])
  (addD [l : ExpD]
        [r : ExpD])
  (multD [l : ExpD]
         [r : ExpD])
  (atD [pos : Number])
  (lamD [body : ExpD])
  (appD [fun : ExpD]
        [arg : ExpD]))
```

## Compile Examples

(compile `1` ...) ⇒ `1`

(compile `{+ 1 2}` ...) ⇒ `{+ 1 2}`

(compile `x` ...) ⇒ *compile: free identifier*

(compile `{lambda {x} {+ 1 x}}` ...) ⇒ `{lambda {+ 1 {at 0}}}`

(compile `{lambda {y} {lambda {x} {+ x y}}}` ...) ⇒ `{lambda {lambda {+ {at 0} {at 1}}}}`

## Implementing the Compiler

```
(define (compile [a : Exp] [env : EnvC])
  (type-case Exp a
    [(numE n) (numD n)]
    [(plusE l r) (plusD (compile l env)
                        (compile r env))]
    [(multE l r) (multD (compile l env)
                        (compile r env))]
    [(idE n) (atD (locate n env))]
    [(lamE n body-expr)
     (lamD
      (compile body-expr
               (extend-env (bindE n)
                           env))))]
    [(appE fun-expr arg-expr)
     (appD (compile fun-expr env)
           (compile arg-expr env))]))
```

## Compile-Time Environment

Mimics the run-time environment, but without values:

```
(define-type BindingC
  (bindE [name : Symbol]))

(define-type-alias EnvC (Listof BindingC))

(define (locate name env)
  (cond
    [(empty? env) (error 'locate "free variable")]
    [else (if (symbol=? name (bindC-name (first env)))
              0
              (+ 1 (locate name (rest env))))]))
```

## interp for Compiled

Almost the same as `interp` for `Exp`:

```
(define (interp a env)
  (type-case ExpD a
    [(numD n) (numV n)]
    [(plusD l r) (num+ (interp l env)
                       (interp r env))]
    [(multD l r) (num* (interp l env)
                      (interp r env))]
    [(atD pos) (list-ref env pos)]
    [(lamD body-expr)
     (closV body-expr env)]
    [(appD fun-expr arg-expr)
     (let ([fun-val (interp fun-expr env)]
           [arg-val (interp arg-expr env)])
       (interp (closV-body fun-val)
               (cons arg-val
                     (closV-env fun-val))))))])
```

## Timing Effect of Compilation

Given

```
(define c {{{lambda {x}
             {lambda {y}
               {lambda {z} {+ {+ x x} {+ x x}}}}}
           1}
          2}
          3})

(define d (compile c mt-env))
```

then

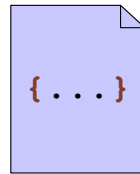
```
(interp d empty)
```

is significantly faster than

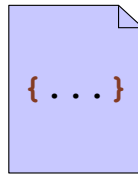
```
(interp c mt-env)
```

Using the built-in `list-ref` simulates machine array indexing, but don't take timings too seriously

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

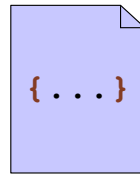


## From Plait to Machine-Like Code



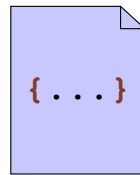


## From Plait to Machine-Like Code



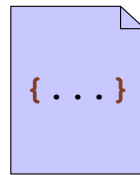
- Everything must be a number

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code



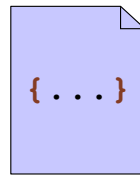
- Everything must be a number
- No **define-type** or **type-case**

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code



- Everything must be a number
- No **define-type** or **type-case**
- No implicit continuations

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code



- Everything must be a number
- No **define-type** or **type-case**
- No implicit continuations
- No implicit allocation

# From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-1.rkt`

Step 1:

`Exp` → `ExpD`

`{lambda {x} {+ 1 x}}`      `{lambda {+ 1 {at 0}}}`

Eliminates all run-time names

# From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-2.rkt`

Step 2:

`interp` → `interp` + `continue`

Eliminates implicit continuations

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-3.rkt`

Step 3:

function calls → registers and `goto`

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-3.rkt`

Step 3:

function calls → registers and goto

```
(interp l
  env
  (plusSecondK r
    env
    k))
(begin
  (set! expr-reg l)
  (set! k-reg (plusSecondK r
    env-reg
    k-reg))
  (interp))
```

Makes argument passing explicit



## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-4.rkt`

Step 4:

```
(multSecondK r      → (malloc3 3  
  env-reg          (ref expr-reg 2)  
  k-reg)          env-reg  
                  k-reg)
```

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-4.rkt`

Step 4:

<code>doneK</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>1</code>
<code>plusSecondK</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>2</code>
<code>...</code>		
<code>numD</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>8</code>
<code>plusD</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>9</code>
<code>...</code>		
<code>numV</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>15</code>
<code>closV</code>	<code>→</code>	<code>16</code>

# From Plait to Machine-Like Code

## compile-4.rkt

Step 4:

```
(type-case Cont k-reg    → (case (ref k-reg 0)
  ...                    ...
  [(multSecondK r env k) [(3)
    ... r                ... (ref k-reg 1)
    ... env              ... (ref k-reg 2)
    ... k ..]           ... (ref k-reg 3) ...]
  ...])                ...])
```

## From Plait to Machine-Like Code

`compile-4.rkt`

Step 4:

```
(define memory (make-vector 1500 0))
(define ptr-reg 0)

(define (malloc3 tag a b c)
  (begin
    (vector-set! memory ptr-reg tag)
    (vector-set! memory (+ ptr-reg 1) a)
    (vector-set! memory (+ ptr-reg 2) b)
    (vector-set! memory (+ ptr-reg 3) c)
    (set! ptr-reg (+ ptr-reg 4))
    (- ptr-reg 4)))
```

Makes all allocation explicit

Makes everything a number